

11+ Verbal Reasoning Practice Paper 1

40 minutes

Instructions:

Attempt all the questions
There are 65 marks available in total

11+

Date:

Score:



Q. Complete the sentence with the most suitable word by marking on your answer sheet one of the options from A-E.

Example:

Chris _____ in the sandpit after he came home from school.

Played

A	pressed	B	declined	C	played	D	asked	E	prevented
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1. The scientist _____ a new type of medicine.

A	provoked	B	climbed	C	wrote	D	convinced	E	discovered
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2. The adults all went to _____ in the election.

A	veto	B	vein	C	vote	D	via	E	vigour
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3. The politicians had a heated _____ in Parliament.

A	dread	B	action	C	agreement	D	debate	E	denial
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4. It was just _____ that the two friends arrived at the same time.

A	convincing	B	coordinates	C	cumbersome	D	coincidence	E	combine
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5. It was _____ that Joanne did so well in her test having been ill.

A	remarkable	B	reconsider	C	regret	D	revel	E	rearrange
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Q. Circle one of the options from A-E that means the opposite of the word above.

Example:

Heavy

light

A	vast	B	feather	C	light	D	strange	E	weight
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6. under

A	long	B	along	C	wide	D	over	E	beneath
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7. depart

A	leave	B	arrive	C	import	D	succeed	E	achieve
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8. blame

A	accuse	B	catch	C	praise	D	bland	E	dangerous
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9. deny

A	debate	B	dispute	C	encourage	D	admit	E	converse
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10. superb

A	remarkable	B	awful	C	brilliant	D	gulp	E	fast
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Q. Circle one of the options from A-E that has the same or similar meaning to the word above.

Example:

odd

strange

A	even	B	fear	C	strange	D	quick	E	slow
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11.

vast

A	small	B	vague	C	vener	D	huge	E	speed
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12.

meaning

A	porpoise	B	unpleasant	C	draining	D	purpose	E	frank
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13.

expose

A	reveal	B	revert	C	retreat	D	reconsider	E	cover
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14.

frown

A	free	B	down	C	scowl	D	scarce	E	star
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15.

stress

A	relax	B	calm	C	convince	D	pressure	E	conceal
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Q. Find the same letter that will fit into both sets of brackets, completing the word in front of the brackets and beginning the word after the brackets. Write the letter on the line provided.

Example:

ba [?] um rin [?] lee

Answer: **g** (bag, gum) (ring, glee) **g**

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16:

stea [?] ong dril [?] inger _____

17:

roug [?] andle rus [?] unger _____

18:

defea [?] ear gran [?] rain _____

19:

dra [?] ink ste [?] ilt _____

20:

par [?] ing ran [?] iss _____

Q. Write the four letter word hidden at the end of one word and the beginning of the next word. The order of the letters may not be changed.

Example:

It was out of my reach **and** too fast *hand*

.....

21:

Please take care all of the time _____

22:

The race got underway early _____

23:

Forgive all of my sins please _____

24:

It was strange arranging new dates _____

25:

Rip every corner of the paper _____

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z

Q. The above alphabet will help you find the answers to the following code questions.

There is a **different** code for **each** question.

Workout the correct answer and mark it on the answer sheet.

Example:

If the code for POOL is QPPM, what does IJMM mean?

Answer: HILL

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26. If the code for VEST is UDRS, what does KTBJ mean?

27. If the code for RING is TKPI, what does UGPF mean?

28. If the code for CALM is FDOP, what does VLQJ mean?

29. If the code for RUSH is ORPE, what does ELIA mean?

30. If the code for TALK is ZFQP, what does PASV mean?

Q. Look at the example. The word in the middle has been made from the other two words. Complete each set of words in the same way.

Example: DARE **REAR** ARCH

- 31. WAKE _____ ENDS
- 32. SPUN _____ DOOR
- 33. ARCH _____ INTO
- 34. POUR _____ GEAR
- 35. RAID _____ EACH

Example: ROOF **ROPE** TYPE

- 36. POOL _____ LIKE
- 37. STAR _____ RING
- 38. PEEL _____ TEAR
- 39. WEAR _____ DISH
- 40. SPIN _____ LINK

Example: LURE **URGE** AGES

- 41. SHOP _____ BLED
- 42. CLAN _____ UNDO
- 43. STOP _____ COLD
- 44. STAG _____ BILE
- 45. IDEA _____ WALL

Q. Identify and underline the two words in the group of words below that are different from the rest.

Example:

red blue dog black cat

46. hate want desire need leave

47. sturdy weak tough fragile strong

48. vivid bright dull luminous dark

49. obstruct prevent help assist stop

50. arrange mess destroy disrupt order

Q. Remove one letter from the first word and add it to the second word to make two new words. Do not rearrange the other letters.

Example:

tiny ear *tin* *year*

51. blast ring _____ _____

52. hide bit _____ _____

53. block urn _____ _____

54. rabid plum _____ _____

55. cheat rate _____ _____

Q. Work out the answer to each sum, change it into a letter, and mark it on the answer sheet.

Example:

If $A = 5$, $B = 3$, $C = 8$, $D = 2$, $E = 1$,

what is the value of the following written as a letter?

$$A + D + E = [?]$$

Answer = C

56. If $D = 5$, $F = 34$, $H = 15$, $J = 24$, $K = 9$

$$D + F - J = [?]$$

57. If $A = 9$, $C = 17$, $K = 24$, $J = 2$, $M = 4$

$$A + C - J = [?]$$

58. If $M = 29$, $N = 8$, $P = 16$, $Q = 31$, $R = 14$

$$R + Q - P = [?]$$

59. If $D = 4$, $F = 12$, $H = 8$, $J = 2$, $K = 7$

$$D + F - H = [?]$$

60. If $S = 7$, $T = 38$, $U = 9$, $V = 4$, $K = 18$

$$T - U - V - S = [?]$$

Q. Find the three letter word that completes the word in capital letters, and finishes the sentence in a sensible way. It can fit anywhere in the word but the letters must appear in a row.

Example:

The teacher was very CLR

EVE

61. The two race cars had a big CR

62. The athlete RD round the track

63. I vacuumed the CAR

64. We went out for dinner as a special TR

65. I had a really fun birthday TY

END OF TEST